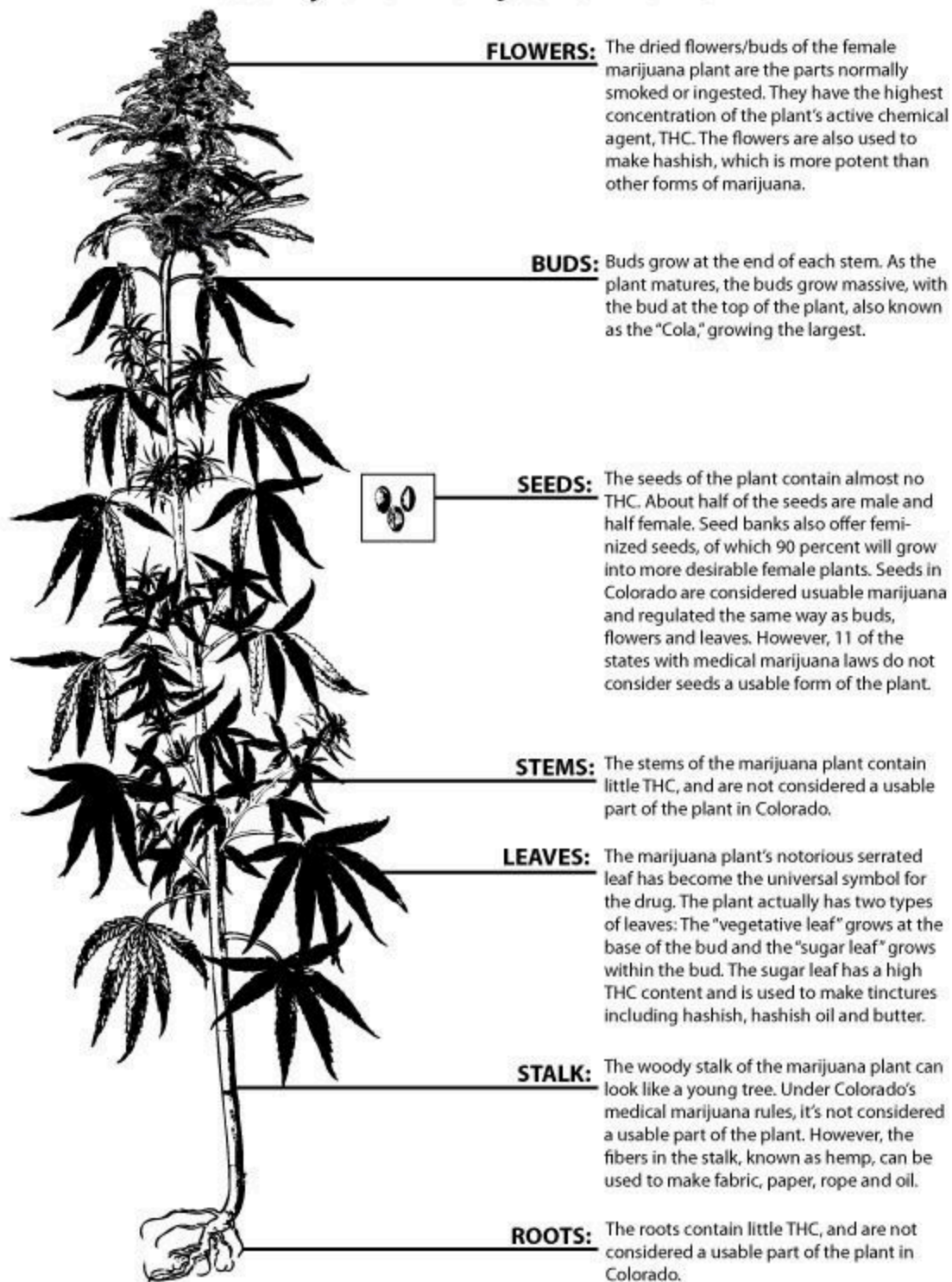




Current Cannabis Laws in the

With its central location in the heart of Vienna and its excellent connection to local public transport, the MARX HALLE is one of the top trade fair locations in Europe and is therefore the ideal setting for CULTIVA A total of 9,000 m² of indoor space and 1,000 m² of open space (partly covered) are <https://coub.com/moncsaggmalanscredavbum>

Anatomy of a Marijuana Plant



FLOWERS: The dried flowers/buds of the female marijuana plant are the parts normally smoked or ingested. They have the highest concentration of the plant's active chemical agent, THC. The flowers are also used to make hashish, which is more potent than other forms of marijuana.

BUDS: Buds grow at the end of each stem. As the plant matures, the buds grow massive, with the bud at the top of the plant, also known as the "Cola," growing the largest.

SEEDS: The seeds of the plant contain almost no THC. About half of the seeds are male and half female. Seed banks also offer feminized seeds, of which 90 percent will grow into more desirable female plants. Seeds in Colorado are considered usable marijuana and regulated the same way as buds, flowers and leaves. However, 11 of the states with medical marijuana laws do not consider seeds a usable form of the plant.

STEMS: The stems of the marijuana plant contain little THC, and are not considered a usable part of the plant in Colorado.

LEAVES: The marijuana plant's notorious serrated leaf has become the universal symbol for the drug. The plant actually has two types of leaves: The "vegetative leaf" grows at the base of the bud and the "sugar leaf" grows within the bud. The sugar leaf has a high THC content and is used to make tinctures including hashish, hashish oil and butter.

STALK: The woody stalk of the marijuana plant can look like a young tree. Under Colorado's medical marijuana rules, it's not considered a usable part of the plant. However, the fibers in the stalk, known as hemp, can be used to make fabric, paper, rope and oil.

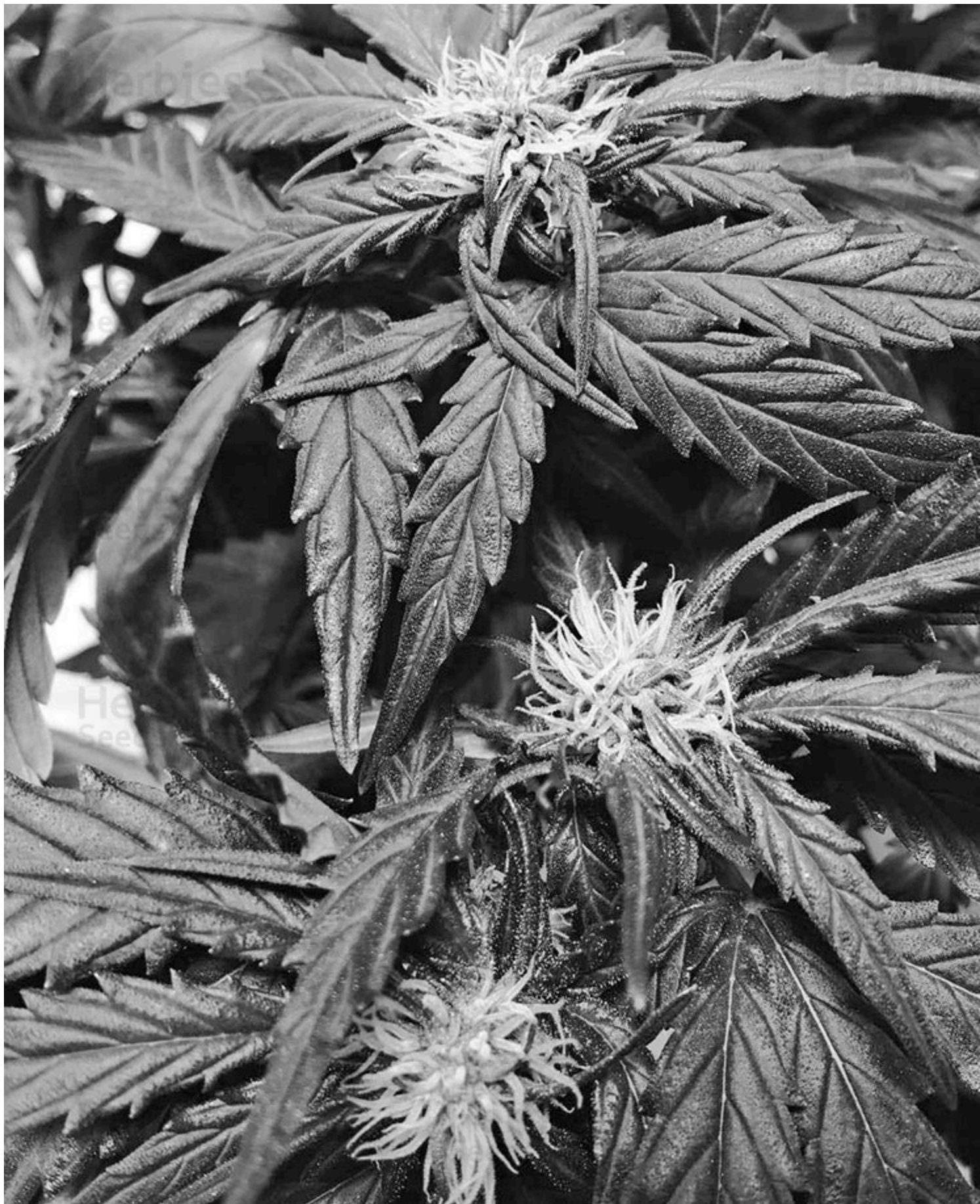
ROOTS: The roots contain little THC, and are not considered a usable part of the plant in Colorado.

Sources: Leonhart Fuchs, "Das Kräuterbuch," 1543; Otto Wilhelm Thomé, "Flora von Deutschland, Österreich und der Schweiz," 1885; Flickr user Bob Doran shared with a Creative Commons attribution license; Kevin Bonsor for Discovery Health, "How Marijuana Works"

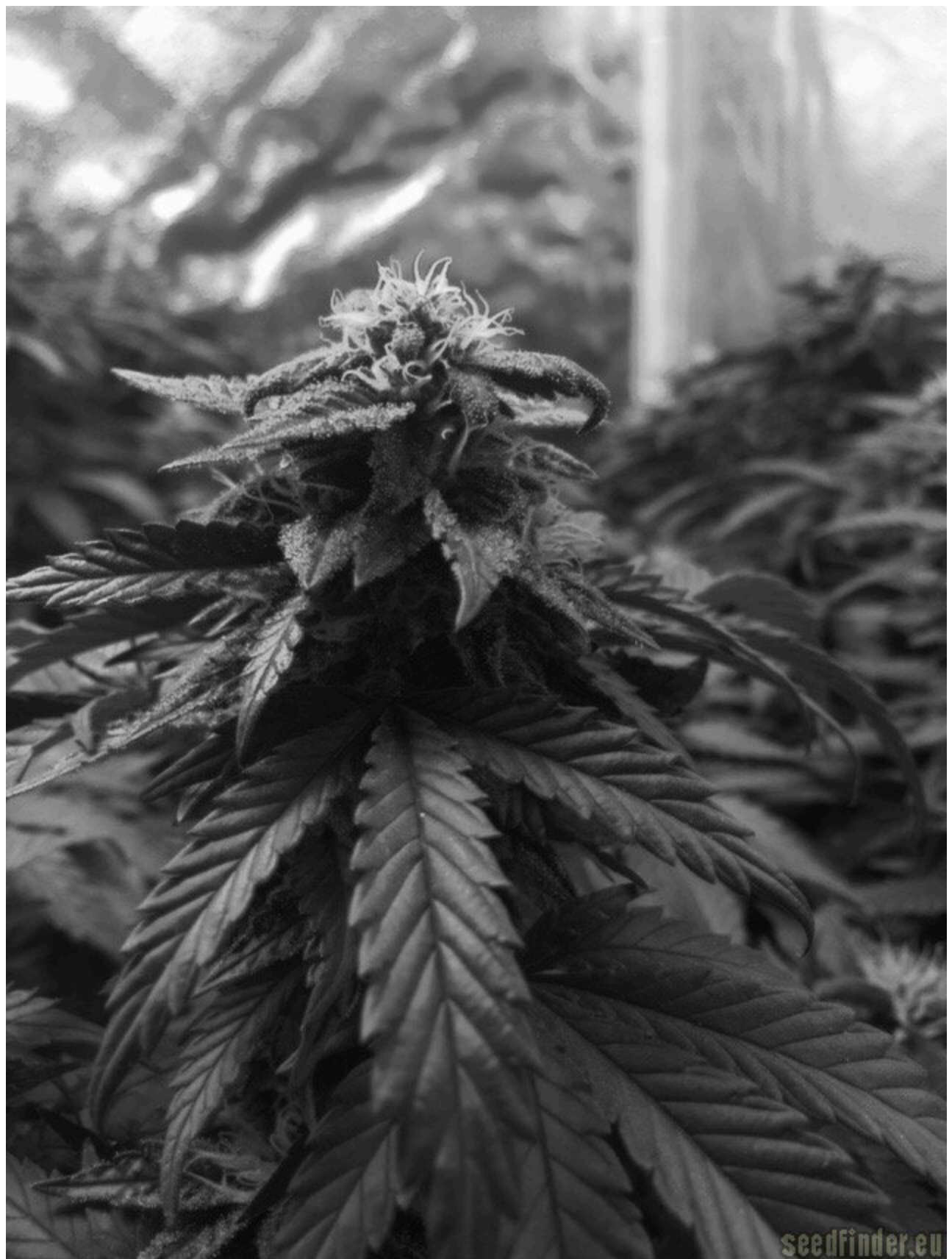
Jordan Wirfs-Brock with additional reporting by Andrea Sutherland / I-News Network

New Mexico's medical marijuana program began in It includes many conditions, such as anorexia, arthritis, cancer, hepatitis C, HIV/AIDS, intractable nausea/vomiting, multiple sclerosis, Parkinson's disease, post-traumatic stress disorder, and spinal cord Patients can have up to eight ounces of medical

cannabis over a 90-day <https://www.vingle.net/posts/4650283>



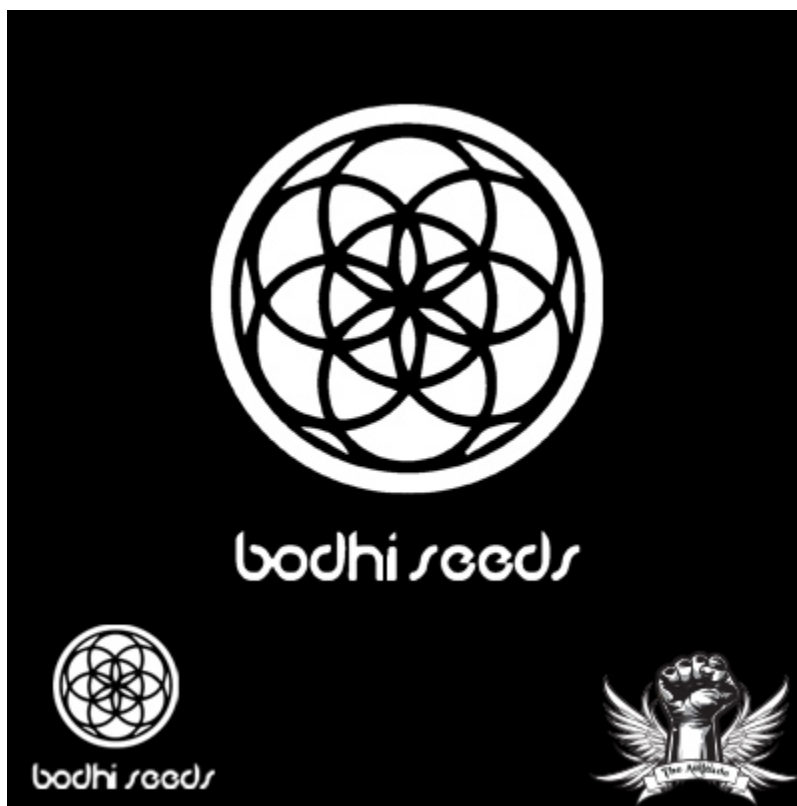
Isaac Fornarola, Burlington Free Press The retail sale of adult-use marijuana becomes legal in Vermont on Saturday, 1, ushering in a new source of revenue for the state, as well as satisfied customers, advocates But in reality, hardly anyone will be ready to start selling on <https://ourclass.mn.co/posts/26479985>



How to Get Clones from Your Cannabis Plants Step 4: Switch Original Crop to Flowering Change the

light cycle to 12 hours on and 12 hours off to force your mother plants into flowering Depending on the strains you've chosen, it will take anywhere from 8-12 weeks for them to fully

<https://www.tickaroo.com/ticker/630e55fb040806c6b08624f4>



Crop King Seeds Canada has provided medicinal cannabis and recreational cannabis seeds with high THC content and harvest potential for over two The firm has recently published many classic strains, novel hybrids, and at least 500 new All seeds are inspected, tested, and hand-picked to ensure a nice crop every <https://www.renderosity.com/users/id:1304463>

