TIMELINE OF THE TEXAS REVOLUTION



Anglo-American Colonization of Texas (Thousands)

STEPHEN F. AUSTIN ARRESTED

January, 1834

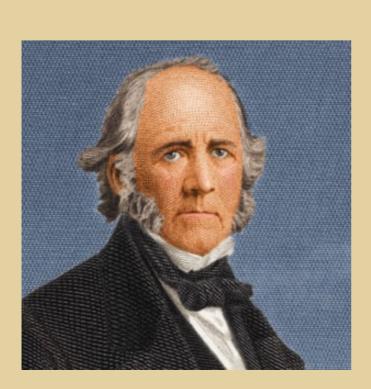
Statesman and future "Father of Texas" Stephen F. Austin is arrested by President Santa Anna'a Federalist government on suspicion of treason. His imprisonment takes place less than a year after Mexico's rejection of the Texas Constitution.



DEFEAT AT THE ALAMO

March 6, 1836

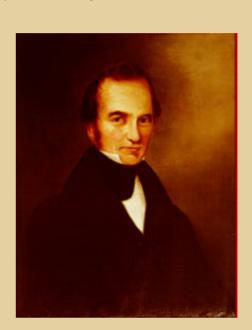
An enraged Santa Anna, stymied by persistent Texian resistance, lays siege to the Alamo. His army of 1,800 soldiers kills all 189 defenders, which further fans the flames of rebellion. Avenging Texians later shout, "Remember the Alamo!"



MEXICO BANS AMERICAN IMMIGRATION TO TEXAS

April 6, 1830

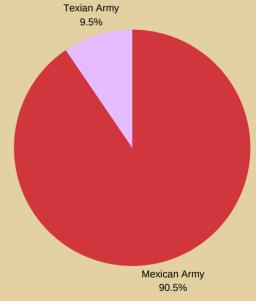
Concerned about American influence over Texians, Mexican President Anastasio Bustamante bans U.S. immigrating to Texas. In reality, this did little to halt American colonists, with about 35,000 of them moving to the province by 1836.



FIRST SHOTS AT THE BATTLE OF GONZALES

October 2, 1835

Disgruntled Texians fire on Mexican soldiers at Gonzales with a cannon originally gifted to them by the Mexican government. The skirmish marks the official beginning of the revolution. The rebels retain their cannon.



Imbalance of Forces at the Battle of the Alamo

VICTORY, CONCESSIONS, AND THE REPUBLIC

May 14, 1836

General Santa Anna, following his final defeat at the Battle of San Jacinto, is forced to sign the Treaties of Velasco, which grant Texas independence.
Later that year, General Sam Houston is named the first President of the Republic of Texas.